Township of Elgin (Located within the State of Illinois)

Annual Financial Report

Year Ended March 31, 2020

Elgin Township Comprehensive Annual Financial Statements March 31, 2020

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Elgin Township Principal Officers March 31, 2020

TOWNSHIP SUPERVISOR

Franklin Ramirez

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Ed Guerra Susan Van Weelden

Vern Tepe Rick Poulton

VILLAGE CLERK

Karen Dowling

HIGHWAY COMMISSIONER

Rodney A. Seyller

ASSESSOR

Steven P. Surnicki





Independent Auditor's Report

Members of the Board of Trustees Elgin Township, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Elgin Township, Illinois, as of and for the year ended March 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Township's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Elgin Township, Illinois, as of March 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information and budgetary information reported in the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financing reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in according with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Township of Elgin's basic financial statements. The accompanying Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplementary Information is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Elgin, Illinois

Tighe Know & Ou, PC

July 22, 2020

As the Elgin Township, Illinois (the "Township") Board, we offer readers of the Township's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Township for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2020. The Management of the Township encourages the readers of this financial information presented in conjunction with the financial statements to obtain a better understanding of the Township's financial operations.

Financial Highlights

Total net position decreased \$22,418 which represents a .33 percent decrease from 2019. Government-wide revenues totaled \$3,641,108, while expenses totaled \$3,663,526. The Township's net position totaled \$6,680,018 on March 31, 2020, which includes \$4,235,697 net investment in capital assets, \$1,015,537 subject to external restrictions, and \$1,428,784 unrestricted net position that may be used to meet the ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Township's basic financial statements. The Township's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report also contains required supplementary information and additional information.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the full accrual basis of accounting and are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Township's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector businesses.

The statement of net position presents financial information on all of the Township's assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Township is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Township's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Township that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover a portion of the costs through user fees and charges.

The governmental activities of the Township include general government, road projects, transportation for senior citizens and disabled individuals, social services assistance, and the funding of social service agencies that provide essential human care services to Township residents. The Township Board is responsible for the maintenance of the Township Cemeteries.

Fund Financial Statements

All of the funds of the Township are governmental funds. The fund financial statements are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. The fund financial statements report the Township's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Township's ten funds.

Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and government-wide activities.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the changes in the Township's net pension liability and multiyear schedule of contributions. Additionally, required supplementary information regarding a schedule of revenues and expenditures - budget vs. actual for each major fund and a schedule of funding progress for the IMRF plan is presented in this section.

Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, increases or decreases in net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Elgin Township, assets/deferred outflows exceeded liabilities/deferred inflows of resources by \$6,680,018. A portion of the Township's net position reflects its investment in capital assets, \$4,235,697. The Township uses these capital assets to provide services, and consequently these assets are not available to liquidate liabilities or for other spending. The remaining net position balance is made up of \$2,444,321, of which \$1,015,537 is restricted and \$1,428,784 is unrestricted.

Condensed Statement of Net Position

		For Years Ended					
		March 31,		March 31,			
		2020	_	2019			
Current and other assets	\$	6,095,698	\$	5,819,834			
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		4,235,697	_	4,390,013			
Total Assets	\$	10,331,395	\$	10,209,847			
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$_	925,391	\$_	638,688			
Current liabilities	\$	119,189	\$	18,467			
Non-current liabilities		199,111	_	741,294			
Total Liabilities	\$	318,300	\$	759,761			
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	4,258,468	\$_	3,386,338			
Net Position		_		_			
Net investment in capital assets	\$	4,235,697	\$	4,390,013			
Restricted		1,015,537		649,944			
Unrestricted		1,428,784		1,662,479			
Total Net Position	\$	6,680,018	\$_	6,702,436			

Condensed Statement of Activities

	_	For Years Ended						
	_	March 31,	March 31,					
	_	2020	_	2019				
Revenue	<u>-</u>		-					
Property taxes	\$	3,222,914	\$	3,149,817				
Replacement taxes		206,784		153,111				
Operating grants		-		40,350				
Interest income		64,297		59,207				
Miscellaneous	_	147,113		68,204				
Total Revenues	_	3,641,108		3,470,689				
Expenditures								
General government activities		2,591,072		2,011,078				
Health and welfare		378,663		326,697				
Highway, streets, and bridges		621,606		863,931				
Capital Outlay	_	72,185		-				
Total Expenditures		3,663,526		3,201,706				
Changes in Net Position	_	(22,418)		268,983				
Net Position, Beginning of Year	-	6,702,436		6,433,453				
Net Position, End of Year	\$ _	6,680,018	\$	6,702,436				

General government expenditures increased during the year as the Township continues to reach more citizens in its General Assistance program. The Township also paid out several grants to non-profit organizations to help with their operational needs.

The following is a summary of changes in fund balances for the years ended March 31, 2020 and 2019:

	I	Fund Balances			Fund Balance
		March 31,	March 31,		
Governmental Funds		2019	_	(Decrease)	2020
General (Town)	\$	1,914,404	\$	(161,129) \$	1,753,275
General Assistance		29,667		(117,151)	(87,484)
Road & Bridge		541,548		367,146	908,694
IMRF		80,570		23,511	104,081
	\$	2,566,189	\$	112,377 \$	2,678,566

Budgetary Highlights

Total expenditures in the Town Fund were \$270,105 less than appropriations of \$2,713,190. During the year, the Township paid out a total of \$978,500 in grants to non-profit organizations. Revenue in the General Assistance Fund of \$182,712 was less than expenditures by \$197,151. Expenditures in the General Assistance Fund were \$14,487 less than the appropriations of \$394,350.

There were no budget line transfers made during the year.

Capital Assets

The following is a summary of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, for the years ended:

	For Years Ended								
_	(Net of D	(Net of Depreciation)							
	March 31, 2020		March 31, 2019						
\$	150,080	\$	150,080						
	815,279		883,028						
	228,107		276,034						
_	3,042,231		3,080,871						
_			_						
\$_	4,235,697	\$	4,390,013						
	-	(Net of D March 31, 2020 \$ 150,080 815,279 228,107 3,042,231	(Net of Dep March 31, 2020 \$ 150,080 \$ 815,279 228,107 3,042,231						

There were no capital asset additions made during the year. Additional information regarding the Township's capital assets can be found in Note 5 on pages 20 and 21.

Long-Term Debt

The Township has no debt. Non-current liabilities are composed of Compensated Absences and the Net Pension Liability. These liabilities are discussed in Notes 6 and 13.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Township's finances for all those with an interest in its finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Supervisor, Elgin Township, 729 S. McLean Blvd, Suite 200, Elgin, Illinois 60123.

Elgin Township Statement of Net Position March 31, 2020

		Governmental Activities
Assets		
Current Assets:	\$	2 601 102
Cash and cash equivalents Property tax receivable	Φ	2,601,102 3,307,945
Due from Other Governments		180,705
Prepaid expenses		5,946
Total Current Assets		6,095,698
Non-Current Assets:		
Capital assets: at cost or estimated cost		
Land and buildings		150,080
Buildings and Improvements		2,709,943
Vehicles and equipment		1,113,320
Infrastructure		6,964,421
Less: accumulated depreciation		(6,702,067)
Total Capital Assets		4,235,697
Total Non-current Assets		4,235,697
Total Assets		10,331,395
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		
Deferred items related to pension (IMRF)		925,391
Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$	11,256,786
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	1	
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	28,213
Checks written in excess		80,974
Compensated absences		10,002
Total Current Liabilities		119,189
Non-Current Liabilities:		
Net pension liability		199,111
Total Non-current Liabilities		199,111
Total Liabilities		318,300
D. f I f. D		
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred property tax		3,307,945
Deferred items related to pension (IMRF)		950,523
Deferred items related to pension (INIKF)		930,323
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	4,576,768
Net Position		
Net Position:		
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets	\$	4,235,697
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted	\$	1,015,537
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets	\$	

Elgin Township Statement of Activities For the Year Ended March 31, 2020

Functions/Programs	 Expenses	_	Charges for Services	_	Operating Grants and Contributions	 Capital Grants and Contributions	_	Net Revenue and Changes in Net Position
General government activities	\$ 2,591,072	\$	3,816	\$	-	\$ -	\$	(2,587,256)
Health and welfare	378,663		-		-	-		(378,663)
Highway, streets, and bridges	621,606		-		-	-		(621,606)
Capital outlay	72,185	_		_	_	 -	_	(72,185)
Total Primary Government	\$ 3,663,526	\$	3,816	\$		\$ -	=	(3,659,710)
General Revenues:								
Property taxes								3,222,914
Replacement taxes								206,784
Interest income								64,297
Miscellaneous								143,297
Total General Revenues								3,637,292
Change in Net Position								(22,418)
Net Position - Beginning of Year								6,702,436
Net Position - End of Year							\$	6,680,018

Elgin Township **Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds** March 31, 2020

Assets	_	General	_	General Assistance	_	Road and Bridge		Non-Major Illinois Municipal Retirement	Total Governmental Funds
Current Assets:									
Cash	\$	1,754,281	\$	-	\$	742,740	\$	104,081	\$ 2,601,102
Property tax receivable		2,201,428		153,030		876,950		76,537	3,307,945
Due from Other Governments		-		-		180,705		-	180,705
Prepaid expenses		2,762		-		3,184		-	5,946
Replacement tax receivable	-	2.050.451	-	152.020	-	1 002 550		100 (10	
Total Current Assets	-	3,958,471	-	153,030	-	1,803,579	-	180,618	6,095,698
Total Assets	\$ _	3,958,471	\$ =	153,030	\$ _	1,803,579	\$ =	180,618	\$ 6,095,698
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances									
Liabilities:									
Checks written in excess	\$		\$	80,974	\$		\$		\$ 80,974
Accounts payable		3,768		6,510		17,935		-	28,213
Total Liabilities	_	3,768	-	87,484		17,935	_	-	109,187
Deferred Inflow of Resources:									
Deferred property tax		2,201,428		153,030		876,950		76,537	3,307,945
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	2,205,196	_	240,514	_	894,885		76,537	3,417,132
Fund Balances:									
Nonspendable		2,762		-		3,184		-	5,946
Restricted		-		-		905,510		104,081	1,009,591
Committed		-		-		-		-	-
Assigned		-		-		-		-	-
Unassigned	_	1,750,513	_	(87,484)	_	-		=	1,663,029
Total Fund Balances	_	1,753,275	_	(87,484)	_	908,694		104,081	2,678,566
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,									
and Fund Balances	\$	3,958,471	\$_	153,030	\$_	1,803,579	\$	180,618	\$ 6,095,698

Elgin Township Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balance to Statement of Net Position of Governmental Activities March 31, 2020

Total Governmental Fund Balance	\$	2,678,566
Amounts reported in governmental activities in the statement		
of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not		
financial resources and therefore are not reported in the		
governmental fund balance.		4,235,697
Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions not reported in		
the funds.		(25,132)
Compensated absences are not recognized on the fund statements.		(10,002)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current		
period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Net Pension Liability - IMRF	_	(199,111)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ _	6,680,018

Elgin Township Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Governmental Funds

							_	Non-Major Illinois		
				C 1		D 1 1				
		C 1		General		Road and		Municipal		T 4 1
D D 1.	_	General		Assistance	-	Bridge		Retirement	_	Totals
Revenues Received: Taxes	©	2,291,442	\$	149,338	\$	914,237	Ф	74,681	r	3,429,698
	\$	2,291,442	Ф	149,338	Ф	82,517	Ф	74,081	Þ	
Intergovernmental Interest		49.020		- 75		-		1 062		82,517
		48,030		13		14,229		1,963		64,297
Passport Miscellaneous		3,816		22 200		0.012		-		3,816
	_	18,668	_	33,299	-	8,813		76.644	_	60,780
Total Revenues Received	_	2,361,956	_	182,712	-	1,019,796		76,644	_	3,641,108
Expenditures Disbursed:										
Current										
General government		2,403,144		_		_		53,133		2,456,277
Highways and streets		-		-		621,606		-		621,606
Health and welfare		-		378,663		-		-		378,663
Capital outlay		39,941		1,200		31,044		-		72,185
Total Expenditures Disbursed	_	2,443,085		379,863	_	652,650		53,133		3,528,731
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers in		_		80,000		_		_		80,000
Transfers out		(80,000)		-		_		_		(80,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(80,000)		80,000	_	-	_			-
Net Change in Fund Balances		(161,129)		(117,151)		367,146		23,511		112,377
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	_	1,914,404		29,667	_	541,548		80,570	_	2,566,189
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$_	1,753,275	\$	(87,484)	\$_	908,694	\$_	104,081	ß	2,678,566

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Covernmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended March 31, 2020

Amounts reported in governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 112,377
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.	
However, in the statement of activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as	
depreciation expense (\$154,316). This is the amount by which	
capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	(154,316)
The net effect of deferred outflows (inflows) of resources	
related to the pensions not reported in the funds.	17,842
Change in compensated absence balance	1,679
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (22,418)

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Township of Elgin, Illinois (the "Township") was incorporated under the laws of the State of Illinois and operates under a Board of Trustees (the Board) and a supervisor form of government. The basic financial statements of the Township have been presented on a modified cash basis of accounting. The modified cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The more significant of the Township's accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity:

In determining the financial reporting entity, the Township complies with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Omnibus – an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34," and includes all component units that have a significant operational or financial relationship with the Township. Based upon the criteria set forth in the GASB Statement No. 61, there are no component units included in the reporting entity.

Government-Wide Statements:

The Township's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Township as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Township's major funds). The Township's general assistance welfare programs, senior services, maintenance of highways and streets, public improvements, property assessing for tax purposes, and other programs are classified as governmental activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities column is presented on a consolidated basis. The Township's net position is reported in three parts: net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. The Township first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Township's functions (general government, highways and streets, etc.). These functions are supported by general government revenues (property taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, which include 1) changes to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (property tax, intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc.). The Township does not allocate indirect costs. This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Township as an entity and the change in the Township's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

Fund Financial Statements:

The financial transactions of the Township are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The Township's funds are all reported as governmental funds. The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, revenues or expenditures/expenses) for the determination of major funds. The Township electively added funds, as major funds, which either had debt outstanding or specific community focus. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements.

A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Township or total assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds combined.

The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements. The following fund type is used by the Township:

Governmental Funds:

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Township:

General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is a major fund.

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Township maintains three special revenue funds. The General Assistance Fund accounts for the cost of providing general assistance for the Township's residents. Funding is provided by a specific annual tax levy. The Road and Bridge Fund accounts for the cost of maintaining the public roadways within the Township. Funding is provided by a specific annual tax levy and the Township's share of state replacement taxes. Both the General Assistance Fund and the Road and Bridge Fund are considered major funds. The Township maintains one nonmajor fund, the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund.

Measurement Focus:

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, governmental funds are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, as defined below. In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate.

All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The accounting objectives of the "economic resources" measurement focus is the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported.

Basis of Accounting:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability/deferred inflows is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets/deferred outflows, and liabilities/deferred inflows resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available."

Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year-end. The Township recognizes property taxes when they become both measurable and available in accordance with GASB Codification Section P70. A sixty-day availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are recognized when due.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, personal property taxes, interest revenue, and charges for services. All other revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

Program Revenue:

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges for goods or services provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Cash and Investments:

For purpose of the Statement of Net Position, the Township's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and cash with fiscal agent.

Investments are generally reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. For investments, the Township categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The Township has no investments at year-end.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Capital Assets:

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of more than \$5,000 (\$25,000 for infrastructure assets), are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expenses as incurred.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the Township as a whole. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized. The valuation basis for general capital assets is historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement costs.

Depreciation on all assets is computed and recorded using the straight-line method of depreciation over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Building Improvements 40 Years

Vehicles and Equipment 10 Years

Infrastructure 40 Years

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources:

Deferred outflow/inflow of resources represents an acquisition/reduction of net position that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense)/inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

Net Position:

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Investment in Capital Assets – Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted – Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislations.

Unrestricted – All other net position balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fund Equity:

The Township follows GASB statement 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Government Fund Type Definitions." This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

Fund Equity - Continued:

- Non-spendable fund balance amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as prepaid expense) or are required to be maintained intact;
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grants, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using
 its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be
 used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove
 or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates authority;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

The Board of Trustees establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund. An assigned fund balance is established by the Board of Trustees through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (but is neither restricted nor committed).

When expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available, management applies restricted amounts first, unless a determination is made to use unrestricted fund balance. The Township's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use and legal requirements. Management typically makes this decision on a transactional basis at the incurrence of the expenditure.

Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues, gains, and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Implementation of GASB 88 and 90:

For the year ended March 31, 2020, the Township implemented the provisions of GASB No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements; and GASB No. 90, Majority Equity Interest – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61. GASB Statement No. 88 improves information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. There has been no effect to current or prior periods with this implementation. GASB Statement No. 90 improves the consistency and comparability of reporting a governments' majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. There has been no effect to current or prior periods with this implementation.

Note 2 – Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Budgetary Information:

The Township's budget is prepared on the cash basis of accounting. As set forth in the Township charter, the Township board adopts an annual budget for all funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The budget amounts included in the financial statements are the final adopted budget, including any amendments.

Note 3 – Deposits and Investments

Deposits and Investments:

The Township maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as "cash and investments." In addition, investments are separately held by several of the Township's funds.

Permitted Deposits and Investments – Statutes authorize the Township to make deposits/invest in commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, obligations of States and their political subdivisions, credit union shares, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services.

Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Concentration Risk, and Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits. At year-end, the carrying amount of the Township's deposits excluding petty cash totaled \$2,519,929 and the bank balances totaled 2,740,123.

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Township does not have an investment policy that addresses the interest rate risk.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Township does not have an investment policy that addresses credit risk.

Note 3 – Deposits and Investments (continued)

Concentration Risk. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Township's investment in a single issuer. The Township does not have an investment policy that addresses concentration risk. At year-end, the Township does not have any investments over 5 percent of the total cash and investment portfolio (other than investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments).

Custodial Credit Risk. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Township's deposits may not be returned to it. The Township does not have an investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk. At year-end, the entire amount of the bank balance of deposits was covered by collateral, federal depository or equivalent insurance.

Note 4 – Property Taxes

Property taxes for 2018 attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the subsequent fiscal year (by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance). Tax bills are prepared by Kane County and are payable in two installments, on or about June 1 and September 1. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically.

The current property tax levy is recorded as a receivable. Property tax revenue is recognized to the extent of taxes due and collected within the current year, or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period, less the taxes collected soon enough after the end of the previous fiscal year. Such time thereafter does not exceed 60 days. The current net tax levy receivable is recorded on the balance sheet along with a corresponding amount of deferred revenue. Deferred revenue represents the 2019 levy which is used to fund fiscal 2020 operations. All uncollected taxes receivable relating to prior year's levies have been written off.

Note 5 – Capital Assets

Governmental capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

		March 31,		Deletions/	March 31,
	_	2019	Additions	Retirement	2020
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets					
Land	\$_	150,080 \$	\$	\$	150,080
Total non-depreciable capital assets	_	150,080			150,080
Depreciable Capital Assets					
Building and improvements		2,709,943	-	=	2,709,943
Vehicles and equipment		1,113,320	-	-	1,113,320
Infrastructure	_	6,964,421		<u> </u>	6,964,421
Total depreciable capital assets	_	10,787,684	-		10,787,684
Less Accumulated Depreciation					
Buildings and Improvements		1,826,915	67,749		1,894,664
Vehicles and Equipment		837,286	47,927		885,213
Infrastructure		3,883,550	38,640		3,922,190
Total accumulated depreciation	_	6,547,751	154,316		6,702,067
Total Net Depreciable Capital Assets	_	4,239,933	(154,316)		4,085,617
Toal Net Capital Assets	\$ _	4,390,013 \$	154,316 \$	- \$	4,235,697

Note 5 – Capital Assets (continued)

The depreciation expense of \$154,316 was charged to governmental activities.

Note 6 - Non-Current Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year were as follows:

Type of Debt	Beginning Balances	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balances	Amounts Due Within One Year		
Compensated Absences Net Pension Liability/ (Asset) - IMRF	\$ 11,681 731,945	10,002	(11,681) (532,834)	10,002 199,111	10,002		
	743,626	10,002	(544,515)	209,113	10,002		

Note 7 – Legal Debt Margin

Chapter 70, Section 705/12 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes provides that Illinois Townships have a legal debt margin of 2.875% of the Township's equalized assessed valuation.

Asset Valutation - 2019	\$2,	169,407,090
Legal Debt Limit - 2.875% of Assessed Value	\$	62,370,454

The Township is within the Legal Debt Margin issued by the state.

Note 8 - Fund Balances

Net Investment in Capital Assets

Net investment in capital assets was comprised of the following as of March 31, 2020:

Governmental Activities

Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation \$ 4,235,697

Note 8 - Fund Balances (continued)

Fund Balance Classifications

The following is a schedule of fund balance classifications for the governmental funds as of the date of this report:

		Spe Reve		Nonmajor Illinois	
	General	General Assistance	Road and Bridge	Municipal Retirement	Totals
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable \$	2,762		3,184		5,946
Restricted Property Tax Levies					
Road and Bridge	-	-	905,510	-	905,510
Illinois Municipal Retirement				104,081	104,081
	-	-	905,510	104,081	1,009,591
Unassigned	1,750,513	(87,484)			1,663,029
Total Fund Balances	1,753,275	(87,484)	908,694	104,081	2,678,566

In the governmental funds financial statements, the Township considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The Township first utilizes committed, then assigned and then unassigned fund balance when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which all three unrestricted fund balances are available.

Note 9 – Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year consisted of the following:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	Amount			
General Assistance	General	\$ 80,000			

Note 10 – Risk Management

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters; and injuries to the Township's employees. The Township has purchased insurance from private insurance companies. Risks covered included certain types of liabilities and bonds. Premiums have been displayed as expenditures/expenses in appropriate funds. There were no significant changes in insurance coverages from the prior year and settlements did not exceed insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 10 – Risk Management (continued)

Litigation

The Township is not a defendant in any lawsuits.

Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Township expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Note 11 – Motor Fuel Tax Funds

Every year the Township received an allotment of Motor Fuel Tax (MFT) money from the State of Illinois. This money is disbursed by the State to Kane County where it is held for pending projects approved by Elgin Township's Highway Commissioner. When the projects are approved, all management, payment, and accounting for the projects are done through Kane County. Funds to be disbursed are recorded on the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds as amounts due from other governments.

Note 12 – Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan

The Township has evaluated its potential other post-employment benefits liability. Former employees who choose to retain their rights to health insurance through the Township are required to pay 100% of the current premium. However, there is minimal participation. As the Township provides no explicit benefit, and there is minimal participation, there is no material implicit subsidy to calculate in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. Therefore, the Township has not recorded a liability as of March 31, 2020.

Note 13 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The Township contributes to one defined benefit pension plans, the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), a defined benefit agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan as a whole, but not by individual employer. That report may be obtained online at www.imrf.org. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly.

IMRF Plan Description

All employees hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. The plan is accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized when earned in the year that the contributions are required, benefits and refunds are recognized as an expense and liability when due and payable.

Note 13 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Benefits Provided

IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

IMRF provides two tiers of pension benefits. Employees hired *before* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired *on or after* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the *lesser* of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of December 31, 2019, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	36
Inactive, non-retired members	10
Active plan members	14
Total	60

Contributions

As set by statute, the Township's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. For the year-ended March 31, 2020, the Township's contribution was 6.42% of covered payroll.

Note 13 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

Net Pension Liability

The Township's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2019. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed, as of December 31, 2019, using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

- The Actuarial Cost Method used was Entry Age Normal
- The Asset Valuation Method used was Market Value of Assets
- The *Inflation Rate* was assumed to be 2.50%
- *Salary Increases* were expected to be 3.35% to 14.25%
- The *Investment Rate of Return* was assumed to be 7.25%
- Projected Retirement Age was from an experienced-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2017 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2016-2016.
- Mortality for non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustments that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.
- There were no benefit changes during the year.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	28.00%	3.25%
Domestic Equities	37.00%	5.75%
International Equities	18.00%	6.50%
Real Estate	9.00%	5.20%
Blended	7.00%	3.60% - 7.60%
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1.00%	1.85%

Note 13 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

Single Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%, and the prior valuation used 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Township contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate.

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25%, the municipal bond rate is 2.75% (based on the daily rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" described on page 1), and the resulting Single Discount Rate is 7.25%.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

		Total Pension Liability (A)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (B)	-	Net Pension Liability/ (Asset) (A) - (B)
Balances at December 31, 2018	\$	7,599,136	\$	6,867,191	\$	731,945
Changes for the Year:						
Service Cost		89,805		-		89,805
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		538,294		-		538,294
Changes of Benefit Terms		-		-		-
Difference Between Expected and Actual						
Experience of the Total Pension Liabilit	У	353,142		-		353,142
Changes of Assumptions		-		-		=
Contributions - Employer		-		60,672		(60,672)
Contributions - Employee		-		48,535		(48,535)
Net Investment Income		-		1,302,141		(1,302,141)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds						
of Employee Contributions		(438,591)		(438,591)		-
Other (Net Transfer)			_	102,727	. ,	(102,727)
Net Changes		542,650	_	1,075,484		(532,834)
Balances at December 31, 2019	\$	8,141,786	\$_	7,942,675	\$	199,111

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the net pension liability of the Township calculated using the discount rate as well as what the Township's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

Note 13 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

6 Increase		
7,358,857 7,942,675		
(583,818)		
•		

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended March 31, 2020, the Township recognized pension income of \$17,842. The Township reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred		Deferred		Net		
		Outflow of		Inflows		Outflows/(Inflows)		
Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions		Resources	_ (of Resources		of Resources		of Resources
Deferred Amount to be Recognized in Pension								
Expense in Future Periods								
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	243,821	\$	4,074	\$	239,747		
Changes in assumption		53,599		4,904		48,695		
Net difference between projected and actual								
earnings on pension plan investments		601,845		941,545		(339,700)		
Pension Contributions made subsequent								
to the Measurement Date, through March 31, 2020		26,126		-		26,126		
Total Deferred Amounts Related to Pension						_		
to the Measurement Date, through March 31, 2020	\$_	925,391	\$_	950,523	\$	(25,132)		

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ended March 31, 2020. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Year Ending	Net Deferred Outflows
December 31,	of Resources
	106020
2020 \$	106,929
2021	(3,442)
2022	33,879
2023	(162,498)
Thereafter	
Total \$	(25,132)

Note 14 – Subsequent Event

The Township evaluated its March 31, 2020 financial statements for subsequent events through the date the financial statements were issued. As a result of the spread of the COVID-19 coronavirus, economic uncertainties have arisen which are likely to negatively impact revenue. Other financial impact could occur, though such potential impact is unknown at this time.

Note 15 – Date of Management's Review

Subsequent events have been evaluated through the date of this report. It was concluded that there are no subsequent events other than as listed in Note 14 that are required to be disclosed.



Elgin Township Multiyear Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios -Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund For the Year Ended March 31, 2020

Last 10 Calendar Years (schedule to be built prospectively from 2014)

Calendar year ending December 31,	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Total Pension Liability											
Service cost	\$ 89,805 \$	82,441 \$	87,594 \$	89,051 \$	91,604	_	-	-	-	-	-
Interest on the total pension liability	538,294	524,233	539,953	504,263	488,528	-	-	-	-	-	-
Benefit changes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	353,142	48,672	(194,517)	263,361	(36,870)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assumption changes	-	200,323	(234,011)	(8,342)	7,745	-	-	-	-	-	-
Benefit payments and refunds	(438,591)	(410,174)	(401,907)	(359,517)	(302,399)		-				
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	542,650	445,495	(202,888)	488,816	248,608	-	-	-	-	-	-
malp trible by	7 500 126	7,152,641	7.256.520	6.067.713	6 610 105						
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	7,599,136	7,153,641	7,356,529	6,867,713	6,619,105						
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ <u>8,141,786</u> \$	7,599,136 \$	7,153,641 \$	7,356,529 \$	6,867,713						
Plan Fiduciary Net Position											
Employer contributions	\$ 60.672 \$	108,887 \$	81,089 \$	89,274 \$	92,380	_	_	_	_	_	_
Employee contributions	48,535	41,737	39,793	39,658	38,851	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pension plan net investment income	1,302,141	(430,102)	1,209,933	412,226	32,598	-	-	-	-	-	-
Benefit payments and refunds	(438,591)	(410,174)	(401,907)	(359,517)	(302,399)	_	-	-	-	-	-
Other	102,727	139,856	(132,755)	(39,853)	12,529	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	1,075,484	(549,796)	796,153	141,788	(126,041)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	6,867,191	7,416,987	6,620,834	6,479,046	6,605,087						
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 7,942,675 \$	6,867,191 \$	7,416,987 \$	6,620,834 \$	6,479,046						
Net Pension Liability/(Asset) - Ending (a) - (b)	199,111	731,945	(263,346)	735,695	388,667	-	-		-		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage											
of Total Pension Liability	97.55%	90.37%	103.68%	90.00%	94.34%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Covered Valuation Payroll	\$ 945,055 \$	927,497 \$	884,289 \$	881,280 \$	863,363	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage											
of Covered Valuation Payroll	21.07%	78.92%	-29.78%	83.48%	45.02%	-	-	-	-	-	-

Elgin Township Multiyear Schedule of Contributions -Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund For the Year Ended March 31, 2020

Last 10 Fiscal Years (schedule to be built prospectively from 2016)

Fiscal Year	Actuarially			Contribution	l	Covered	Actual Contribution
Ending	Determined		Actual	Deficiency		Valuation	as a % of
March 31,	Contribution		Contributions	(Excess)		Payroll	Covered Valuation Payroll
					•		
2016	\$ 92,380	\$	92,380	\$ =	\$	863,363	10.70%
2017	89,274		89,274	-		881,280	10.13%
2018	81,089		81,089	-		884,289	9.17%
2019	97,341		97,341	_		927,497	11.74%
2020	86,798	*	86,798	-		945,055	6.42%

^{*} Estimated based on contribution rate of 6.42% and covered valuation payroll of \$945,055.00.

Valuation Date: Actuarially determined contribution rate are calculated as of December 31 each year each year, which are 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine 2019 Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method:Aggregate entry age normalAmortization Method:Level percentage of payroll, closedRemaining Amortization Period:Non-Taxing bodies: 10-year rolling period.

Taxing bodies: (Regular, SLEP, and ESO group): 24-year closed period

Early Retirement Incentive Plan liabilities: a period up to 10 years selected by the Employer upon adoption of ERI. SLEP supplemental liabilities attributable to Public Act 94-712 were financed over 19 years for most employers

(three employers were financed over 28 years and four others were financed over 29 years).

Asset Valuation Method: 5-year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Wage Growth: 3.25%
Price Inflation: 2.50%

Salary Increases: 3.35% to 14.25% including inflation

Investment Rate of Return: 7.50%

Retirement Age: Experienced-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last update for 2017

valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2014-2016.

Mortality: For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection

scale MP-2017(base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustment to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale

MP-2017(base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality

table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates

were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

Other Information:

Notes There were no benefits changes during the year.

General Town Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

	В				
	Original	Final	Actual		
Revenues:		_		•	_
Taxes					
Property	\$ 2,158,257	\$	2,158,257	\$	2,148,616
Personal property replacement	105,000		105,000		142,826
Interest	36,000		36,000		48,030
Passport	8,000		8,000		3,816
Micellaneous	22,918	_	22,918		18,668
Total Revenues	2,330,175		2,330,175		2,361,956
Expenditures:					
General government	2,603,190		2,603,190		2,403,144
Capital outlay	110,000		110,000		39,941
Total Expenditures	2,713,190	_	2,713,190	,	2,443,085
Deficiency of Revenues	(202.015)		(202.015)		(01.120)
Under Expenditures	(383,015)		(383,015)		(81,129)
Other Financing (Uses)					
Transfers Out	80,000		80,000		(80,000)
110002010 0 00		-		•	(00,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (303,015)	\$	(303,015)		(161,129)
		-		•	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year					1,914,404
Fund Dolongo End of Voor				\$	1 752 275
Fund Balance, End of Year				Ф	1,753,275

General Assistance - Special Revenue Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual

	В		
	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues:			
Taxes			
Property	\$ 150,009	\$ 150,009	\$ 149,338
Interest	1,500	1,500	75
Micellaneous	45,000	45,000	33,299
Total Revenues	196,509	196,509	182,712
Expenditures:			
Health and welfare	391,850	391,850	378,663
Capital outlay	2,500	2,500	1,200
Total Expenditures	394,350	394,350	379,863
Deficiency of Revenues			
Under Expenditures	(197,841)	(197,841)	(197,151)
Other Financing Sources			
Transfers in	120,000	120,000	80,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (77,841)	\$ (77,841)	(117,151)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			29,667
Fund Balance, End of Year			\$ (87,484)

Road and Bridge - Special Revenue Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

		В				
		Original		Actual		
Revenues:					•	_
Taxes						
Property	\$	854,226	\$	854,226	\$	850,279
Personal property replacement		50,000		50,000		63,958
Intergovernmental						
Motor Fuel Tax				-		82,517
Interest		5,045		5,045		14,229
Micellaneous		6,300		6,300	_	8,813
Total Revenues		915,571		915,571		1,019,796
Expenditures:						
Highways and Streets		702,450		702,450		621,606
Capital outlay		519,283		519,283	-	31,044
Total Expenditures		1,221,733		1,221,733		652,650
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(306,162)	\$	(306,162)	_	367,146
	,		•		•	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year						541,548
					•	
Fund Balance, End of Year					\$	908,694

Elgin Township Notes to Required Supplementary Information March 31, 2020

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Budgetary Process

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

Note 2 – Expenditures Over Budget

The Township has incurred individual line item excesses of expenditures over appropriations in funds; however, the overall individual funds indicated no aggregate excesses of expenditures over appropriations.



Elgin Township General Town Fund Schedule of Expenditures -Budget and Actual For the Year Ended March 31, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual		Positive/ (Negative)
General Government			_		_
Administration					
Personnel Services					
Salaries	\$ 425,000	\$ 425,000	\$ 408,439	\$	16,561
Health insurance	105,000	105,000	85,328		19,672
Unemployment insurance	200	200	123		77
Social security	31,000	31,000	31,106		(106)
Contractual Services					
Maintenance service/supples - vehicles	2,000	2,000	-		2,000
Maintenance service - grounds	10,000	10,000	7,151		2,849
Maintenance service - building	20,000	20,000	7,788		12,212
Maintenance service - Equipment	25,000	25,000	17,327		7,673
Accounting Service	10,000	10,000	8,993		1,007
Legal service	7,000	7,000	1		6,999
Postage	3,500	3,500	2,181		1,319
Telephone	14,000	14,000	5,967		8,033
Publishing	1,500	1,500	1,463		37
Printing/public relations	13,000	13,000	7,025		5,975
Dues	6,000	6,000	3,920		2,080
Travel expenses	10,000	10,000	6,885		3,115
Utilities	19,000	19,000	15,202		3,798
Worker's compensation/liability insurance	35,000	35,000	33,144		1,856
Battery recycling	15,000	15,000	10,506		4,494
Contract payment - Ride in Kane	2,500	2,500	524		1,976
Commodities	,	,			,
Office Supplies	12,000	12,000	7,300		4,700
Other	•	•			
Miscellaneous expense	428,500	428,500	399,115		29,385
Contingencies	205,000	205,000	201,913		3,087
Social Service Agency misc. grants	450,000	450,000	449,000		1,000
Elgin Township TRIAD Program	10,000	10,000	10,000		-
Utility Assistance program	15,000	15,000	-		15,000
Prescription Drug program	15,000	15,000	9,311		5,689
Seior Services contract	20,500	20,500	20,500		-
Community room expenses/supplies	10,000	10,000	8,459		1,541
Youth programs	110,000	110,000	100,000		10,000
Total Administration	\$ 2,030,700	\$ 2,030,700	\$ 1,858,671	\$ <u></u>	172,029

Elgin Township General Town Fund Schedule of Expenditures -Budget and Actual For the Year Ended March 31, 2020

		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	Positive/ (Negative)
General Government - continued	-	Duraget	-	Buager	 1100001	(1 (again (a)
Assessor						
Personnel services						
Salaries	\$	345,480	\$	345,480	\$ 337,327	\$ 8,153
Health insurance		113,360		113,360	113,182	178
Unemployment insurance		800		800	331	469
Social Security		26,000		26,000	24,351	1,649
Contractual services						
Maintenance service - equipment		28,450		28,450	25,815	2,635
Maintenance service - vehicle		3,000		3,000	660	2,340
Postage		400		400	330	70
Telephone		6,100		6,100	5,699	401
Publishing		200		200	-	200
Printing		500		500	147	353
Dues		2,000		2,000	1,012	988
Travel expenses		6,100		6,100	4,318	1,782
Training		4,500		4,500	4,035	465
Publications		600		600	398	202
Commodities						
Office supplies		4,000		4,000	2,218	1,782
Other						
Contingencies		2,000		2,000	-	2,000
Professional services		29,000		29,000	24,650	4,350
Total Assessor		572,490	-	572,490	 544,473	 28,017
Total General Government	-	2,603,190	-	2,603,190	 2,403,144	 200,046
Capital Outlay	-	110,000	_	110,000	 39,941	 70,059
Total Expenditures	\$	2,713,190	\$	2,713,190	\$ 2,443,085	\$ 270,105

Elgin Township General Assistance Fund - Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Expenditures -Budget and Actual For the Year Ended March 31, 2020

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Positive/ (Negative)
Health and Welfare	_			-	8
Administration					
Personnel Services					
Salaries	\$	96,000 \$	96,000 \$	95,511 \$	489
Health insurance		28,000	28,000	23,256	4,744
Unemployment insurance		250	250	123	127
Social Security		8,000	8,000	6,973	1,027
Contractual services					
Printing		500	500	-	500
Travel expenses		500	500	289	211
Commodities					
Office supplies		400	400	-	400
Other					
Miscellaneous Expense		200	200	-	200
Total Administration		133,850	133,850	126,152	7,698
Relief					
Commodities and contractual services					
Physician service		500	500	_	500
Hospital service-in patient		500	500	_	500
Hospital service-out patient		500	500	_	500
Drugs		500	500	_	500
Dental service		1,500	1,500		1,500
Other medical services		500	500	_	500
Funeral & burial services		1,000	1,000	1,000	-
Shelter		65,000	65,000	70,837	(5,837)
Utility payment		19,000	19,000	16,098	2,902
Ambulance		500	500	-	500
Workfare		10,000	10,000	3,120	6,880
Miscellaneous		15,000	15,000	1,700	13,300
Fuel		500	500	-	500
Food		60,000	60,000	55,846	4,154
Emergency assistance		75,000	75,000	103,910	(28,910)
Disaster assistance		3,500	3,500	103,710	3,500
Contigencies		4,000	4,000	-	4,000
Other		4,000	4,000		4,000
Miscellaneous		500	500	_	500
Total Relief	_	258,000	258,000	252,511	5,489
Total Reflet	_	238,000	238,000	232,311	3,469
Total Health and Welfare	_	391,850	391,850	378,663	13,187
Capital outlay	_	2,500	2,500	1,200	1,300
Total Expenditures	\$ =	394,350 \$	394,350 \$	379,863 \$	14,487

Elgin Township Road and Bridge - Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Expenditures -Budget and Actual For the Year Ended March 31, 2020

		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	Positive/ (Negative)
Highways and Streets	-		_			
Administration						
Contractual Services						
Legal Serivce	\$	2,800	\$	2,800 \$	- \$	2,800
Postage		250		250	220	30
Telephone/communication services		4,500		4,500	3,428	1,072
Publishing		300		300	239	61
Printing		200		200	-	200
Travel expenses		600		600	324	276
Training		400		400	297	103
Commodities						
Office Supplies		500		500	110	390
Other						
Corp Replacement Tax split		25,000		25,000	23,706	1,294
Miscellaneous expenses	_	1,500		1,500	(1,073)	2,573
Total Administration	-	36,050	_	36,050	27,251	8,799
Maintenance						
Personnel services						
Salaries		230,000		230,000	190,776	39,224
Health insurance		57,950		57,950	55,591	2,359
Unemployment Insurance		450		450	227	223
Social Security		18,000		18,000	14,594	3,406
IMRF		22,000		22,000	12,911	9,089
Commodities and Contractual Services						
Engineering services		20,000		20,000	(3,131)	23,131
Utilities		7,000		7,000	3,973	3,027
Rentals		5,000		5,000	2,736	2,264
Street lights		30,000		30,000	29,580	420
Maintenance and repairs		207,000		207,000	153,012	53,988
Operating supplies/hand tools		1,500		1,500	53	1,447
Gasoline/oil		22,000		22,000	12,485	9,515
Signs		2,500		2,500	1,269	1,231
Workers' Compensation Insurance		23,000		23,000	22,096	904
Other						
Miscellaneous		10,000		10,000	3,248	6,752
MFT Disbursements				-	94,935	(94,935)
Contingencies		10,000		10,000	-	10,000
Total Maintenance	-	666,400	-	666,400	594,355	72,045
Total Highways and Streets	-	702,450		702,450	621,606	80,844
Capital outlay	-	519,283		519,283	31,044	488,239
Total Expenditures	\$	1,221,733	\$	1,221,733 \$	625,399 \$	560,284

Illinois Municipal Retirement - Special Revenue Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual

	I	Budg		
	Original		Final	Actual
Revenues:		_		
Property taxes \$	75,015	\$	75,015	\$ 74,681
Interest	2,000	_	2,000	1,963
Total Revenues	77,015		77,015	76,644
Expenditures: General Government				
Retirement plan contribution	85,000	_	85,000	53,133
Net Change in Fund Balance \$	(7,985)	\$	(7,985)	23,511
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year				80,570
Fund Balance, End of Year				\$ 104,081